Village of Pinehurst Capital Improvement Plan FY 2008-2012

March 13, 2007

Mayor and Village Council Village of Pinehurst North Carolina

Dear Council:

We respectfully submit to you the proposed Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the Village of Pinehurst for fiscal years (FY) 2008 through 2012. The CIP is a planning tool designed to aid policy makers in the acquisition and orderly replacement of capital assets. The plan is updated annually to ensure that it is based on the most accurate information available. Adoption of the CIP by council does not constitute a commitment to fund a particular item, but rather signifies an intent to fund capital outlay at the indicated level during the ensuing years.

The CIP includes improvements with a total estimated cost of \$20,424,942 over the next five years. These costs are divided into three major areas – Vehicles/Equipment, Capital Improvements and Capital Projects. The CIP adopted by the Council for FY 2007-2011 totaled \$19,149,600. This year's CIP total represents an increase of \$1,275,342, or approximately 6.6%, from the previous year.

There are a total of five (5) capital projects identified, all of which were included in last year's CIP. Specific criterion was developed this year to determine whether or not a capital request was to be classified as a project. The criterion is: (1) the total cost is estimated to exceed \$100,000, (2) substantial activity must occur over more than one fiscal year and (3) the attributes of the project such as type, location, size, etc. must be specifically identified. Based on this criterion, Old Town Sidewalks and Stormwater Projects from last year's CIP have been reclassified to capital improvements.

Of the total \$20,424,942 in capital expenditures, the anticipated costs of the three major groupings are detailed in the table below.

Table 1 - Capital Cost By Major Area

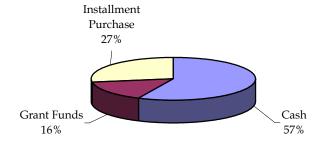
Major Area		Cos	st of Capital	% of Total
Vehicles/Equipment		\$	3,829,300	19%
Capital Improvements			8,194,342	40%
Capital Projects			8,401,300	41%
	TOTAL	\$	20,424,942	100%

Revenue and funding sources for the capital expenditures identified in this plan come from a variety of sources. The replacement of all vehicles and equipment, with the exception of a fire truck, will be funded on a pay-as-you go basis, or with available cash. Two capital projects, the Public Services Facility and the Cannon Park Recreation Center, will be financed with either installment financing agreements or grants, while all others will be funded with available cash. The table and graph below show a summary of the revenues and funding sources for the CIP. The detail of the funding sources can be found in Exhibit 7 on page 13.

Table 2 -CIP Revenue/Funding Sources Summary

Funding Source		Cost of Capital							
Cash		\$	11,612,642						
Grant			3,215,000						
Installment Financing			5,597,300						
_	TOTAL	\$	20,424,942						

Village of Pinehurst Capital Improvements by Funding Source FY 2008 - 2012



As you can see, the majority of the capital improvements are funded with available Village funds or cash, while another 27% is funded with installment purchase financing. Installment financing is used to spread the cost of acquiring major capital items over time. The available Village funds would consist of appropriations from the General Fund and the Village's Capital Reserve Fund.

Some highlights of the proposed Capital Improvement Plan include:

- Funding for the construction of a public services/fleet maintenance facility to replace the existing complex on McCaskill Road. The Village plans to commence construction and secure installment financing in FY2008.
- Several recreation projects such as the construction of a recreation center at Cannon Park and the development of subsequent phases of the Village's Greenway System and Rassie Wicker Park.
- Transportation items include the annual resurfacing and striping of five (5) to six (6) miles per year of Village roads, intersection improvements, and other miscellaneous traffic improvements.

In developing the financing sources for the CIP, Village staff analyzed the impact of the CIP on the Village's General Fund. The table below indicates the estimated annual impact on the General Fund for projects, improvements and vehicles/equipment identified in the CIP. Included in the table is the estimated incremental debt service, along with any other operating expenditure, that would result from the General Fund capital projects. It also indicates the cost of those capital items the Village intends to pay for with cash obtained in the current fiscal year and funds generated in previous fiscal years and set aside in the Capital Reserve Fund. The total annual operating impact is then stated in a tax rate equivalent to determine the resulting impact on the tax rate.

Table 3 - Tax Rate Equivalent and General Fund Impact of the CIP

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
					_
Projects Paid with Cash	\$ 451,000	\$ 504,000	\$ 515,000	\$ 543,000	\$ 326,000
Improvements Paid with Cash	1,110,750	902,250	1,315,959	825,683	1,789,700
Vehicle/Equipment	 594,200	818,700	681,000	771,900	463,500
CIP in General Fund	2,155,950	2,224,950	2,511,959	2,140,583	2,579,200
Additional Debt Service	-	527,705	609,884	593,362	576,839
Annual Operating Impact	46,252	48,248	299,328	308,308	317,557
Annual General Fund Impact	2,202,202	2,800,903	3,421,171	3,042,252	3,473,595
Capital Reserve Funds Utilized	(1,500,000)	(750,000)	(1,000,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)
Net General Fund Impact	\$ 702,202	\$ 2,050,903	\$ 2,421,171	\$ 2,692,252	\$ 3,123,595
Tax Rate Equivalent of CIP	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.08

Management expects to sell approximately 6.7 acres of land in the New Core area in 2008 and transfer the proceeds to the Capital Reserve Fund for capital expenditures. Approximately \$1.2 million will be transferred out to the General Fund in 2008 and the remainder in future years to fund capital items that are included in the CIP.

To estimate the cash available to fund the CIP, the Village projects revenues and expenditures through the 5-year planning period. Revenues and expenditures are projected based on historical trends and future growth expectations. Projected expenditures incorporate the Village's Five-year Staffing Forecast that identifies the anticipated increases to staffing levels in the planning horizon. Revenues and operating expenditures in 2008 reflect the sale proceeds and interfund transfers due to the expected sale of land in the New Core area. In addition, effective June 30, 2008 the Village anticipates annexing a large residential area, Pinewild. The financial impact of this annexation is included in the projected amounts included in Table 4 on the following page. Also included in Table 4 is the impact of the revaluation of real and personal property in FY 2008 and FY 2012, with a projected revenue neutral tax rate.

Table 4 - Projected General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Population	11,104	11,514	13,539	14,031	14,523	15,015
Operating Revenues						
Revenues	\$ 12,879,000	\$ 17,522,000	\$ 15,639,000	\$ 16,593,000	\$ 16,523,000	\$ 17,230,000
Tax Rate	0.31	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.22
Expenditures						
Salaries	4,378,000	4,774,000	5,042,000	5,468,000	5,713,000	5,970,000
Personnel in FTEs	128	136	142	146	149	150
Operating	7,078,000	9,122,000	7,203,000	7,767,000	7,509,000	7,774,000
Debt Service	1,029,000	1,019,000	1,586,000	1,634,000	1,607,000	1,219,000
Exp before Capital	12,485,000	14,915,000	13,831,000	14,869,000	14,829,000	14,963,000
Amt Left for Capital Annexation Capital Exp. CIP in General Fund	\$ 394,000	\$ 2,607,000 401,968 2,155,950	\$ 1,808,000 - 2,224,950	\$ 1,724,000 - 2,511,959	\$ 1,694,000 - 2,140,583	\$ 2,267,000 - 2,579,200
Net Impact on General Funds		\$ 49,082	\$ (416,950)	\$ (787,959)	\$ (446,583)	\$ (312,200)

To determine estimated debt service, we assumed a 4.20% interest rate amortized over 10 years for the fire truck and 15 years for the buildings. As presented, the Village's CIP will result in additional annual debt service costs ranging from \$527,700 up to \$609,900 during the planning horizon. However, due to the payoff of the Taylorhurst road improvements in FY 2009, the Village will free up approximately \$24,000 in annual debt service in 2010. In addition, it is important to note that existing annual debt service payments will decrease by approximately \$371,000 in FY 2012, primarily due to the payoff of the debt for Village Hall.

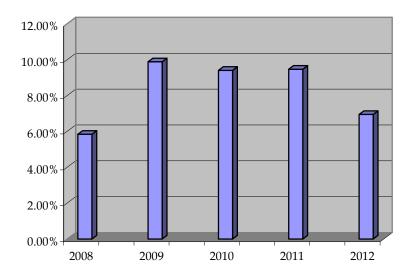
Table 5 - Impact of CIP Debt Issuances on Debt Ratios

		Fisca	l Ye	ar Ending Ju	ıne	30	
	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Existing Debt Service Payments Additional Debt Service:	\$ 1,018,786	\$ 1,058,215	\$	1,023,794	\$	1,012,889	\$ 641,477
Fire Truck	-	72,500		70,250		68,000	65,750
Public Services Facility	-	356,503		347,317		338,131	328,945
Cannon Park Rec Center	-	98,702		192,317		187,231	182,144
Total Additional Debt Service	-	527,705		609,884		593,362	576,839
Total Debt Service	\$ 1,018,786	\$ 1,585,920	\$	1,633,678	\$	1,606,251	\$ 1,218,316
Estimated Expenditures % of Expenditures	17,472,918 5.83%	16,055,950 9.88%		17,380,959 9.40%		16,969,583 9.47%	17,542,200 6.95%

During the planning horizon, the Village's debt service as a percentage of total expenditures is projected to remain at what is widely accepted as a low to a moderate level of debt service.

Projected debt service is higher in the three years of 2009-2011, but falls back to historical levels in 2012.

Village of Pinehurst CIP Impact on Debt Ratios FY 2008-2012



In addition, a comparison of the Village's debt service per capita to its peer group, as shown in Table 6, indicates the Village is between 10% and 38% below our peer group's debt service per capita.

Table 6 - Projected Debt Service Expenditures vs. Peer Group

		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Population Debt Service	\$	11,514 1,018,786	\$	13,539 1,585,919	\$	14,031 1,633,678	\$	14,523 1,606,250	\$	15,015 1,218,317
Debt Service per capita Village of Pinehurst Peer Group*	\$ \$	88 130	\$ \$	117 130	\$ \$	116 130	\$ \$	111 130	\$ \$	81 130

^{*}Source: NC State Treasurer, based on fiscal year 2005

Table 7 indicates the projected balance in the Capital Reserve Fund during the planning period. This analysis includes the estimated transfers into the Reserve from the General Fund and the estimated transfers out to fund capital items that are included in the CIP and mentioned previously in this document.

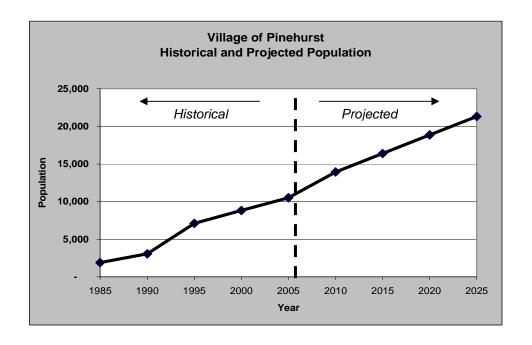
Table 7 - Projected Capital Reserve Fund

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Beginning Balance Plus:	\$ 160,287	\$ 455,387	\$ 1,021,203	\$ 697,552	\$ 124,304	\$ 192,075
Transfers from General Fund	1,276,100	2,047,600	385,500	398,850	412,800	427,200
Interest Income	20,000	18,215	40,848	27,902	4,972	7,683
Total Other Financing Sources	1,296,100	2,065,815	426,348	426,752	417,772	434,883
Amount Available for CIP Less:	1,456,387	2,521,203	1,447,552	1,124,304	542,075	626,958
Transfers to General Fund	340,000	1,500,000	750,000	1,000,000	350,000	350,000
Transfers to Other Funds	661,000	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Uses	1,001,000	1,500,000	750,000	1,000,000	350,000	350,000
Ending Balance	\$ 455,387	\$ 1,021,203	\$ 697,552	\$ 124,304	\$ 192,075	\$ 276,958

The Village's fund balance continues to remain healthy and can absorb the anticipated capital expenditures that exceed available resources. In the first two years of the planning horizon, fund balance is projected to be 29% of expenditures which falls within the Council's desired range of 27%-33%. In subsequent years, fund balance is projected to fall slightly below the Council's desired range.

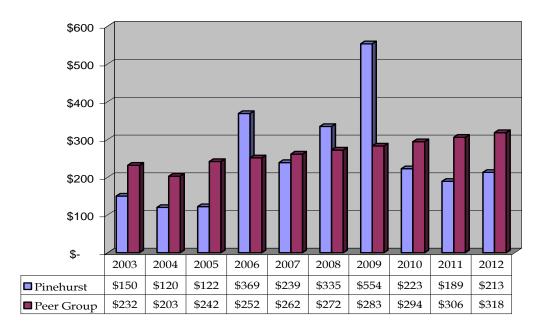
One way the Village can determine if it is spending an appropriate amount on capital expenditures is to compare itself to its peer group. The Local Government Commission, which is a division of the NC Department of State Treasurer, compiles financial data for all local governments in the State. There are two common ways for governments to compare its annual capital expenditures with those of its peers. The first method is to compare the Village's per capita spending, or the dollar amount spent per resident. The second method is to compare the amount of capital expenditures as a percentage of total expenditures.

The per capita cost of implementing the CIP is based on the estimated population of the Village. The current population projections anticipate a growth rate of approximately 410 people annually. Upon the annexation of Pinewild, the population growth is expected to approximate 500 people per year. The graph on the following page depicts the growth the Village has experienced in the past and the continued growth that it anticipates to occur through the CIP planning period and beyond.



The chart below shows the Village's historical and projected per capita spending levels on capital compared to its peer group, which are municipalities with populations between 10,000 and 50,000 that do not operate a utility system. The peer group per capita amounts are assumed to increase at an annual rate of 4%.

Capital Expenditures Per Capita



Review of this graph indicates that in FY 2006, FY 2008 and FY 2009 the Village's per capita spending levels exceed that of its peers considerably. In 2006 this was due to the construction of a \$2.6 million fire station, a near \$1 million park project, and a \$500,000 dam rehabilitation project. For FY 2008 and FY2009

this is due to the completion of a \$3.3 million public services/fleet maintenance facility and the construction of a \$2.3 million recreation center. The other years in the planning horizon indicate capital spending is consistent with or considerably below our peer group.

It is worth mentioning that the Village's average household population is 2.05, which is lower than both the statewide average of 2.49 and the neighboring town of Southern Pines, whose average household population is 2.19. Therefore, the Village could expend the same amount of funds as our peers with the same number of households, but our per capita expenditures would be higher due to the lower per household population. Therefore, the Village should actually expect its per capita spending to be higher than its peers because of the lower per household population.

Over the past five years, the Village's peer group typically spent around \$243 per capita on annual capital expenditures, or roughly 21% of their net consolidated budget. During that same time period, the Village has spent an average of \$182 per capita on capital expenditures, or 13% of the net consolidated budget.

The following chart shows the Village's capital expenditures as a percentage of total expenditures compared to its peers.

40% 35% 30% 25% 20% 15% 10% 5% 0% 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 17% 12% 12% 28% 17% 21% 35% 17% 16% 18% ■ Pinehurst ■ Peer Group 21% 18% 20% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21%

Capital as a Percentage of Total Expenditures

Should the Village strive to allocate its resources for capital improvements at a level similar to its peers, the Village would aim to spend approximately \$3.4 - \$4.2 million on capital expenditures annually. This would include not only expenditures within the Village's General Fund, but would also include expenditures separately tracked in Capital Project Funds. The table below shows what the Village's CIP funding levels would be if the Village allocated resources at a comparable per capita level or at 21% of expenditures. The table then indicates if the projected CIP approximates the target spending levels. Over the course of the planning horizon, total spending on capital very closely approximates the targeted spending levels.

Table 8 - Capital Expenditures Comparable to Peer Group

	2008			2009		2010		2011		2012
Target Capital Spending Levels	¢.	2 124 200	¢.	2 022 002	ф	4 101 075	¢.	4 447 170	ф	4 701 707
Average per capita 21% of expenditures	\$	3,134,308 3,941,480	\$	3,833,082 4,478,303	\$	4,131,265 3,779,151	\$	4,447,170 3,691,712	\$	4,781,737 3,814,062
Average Projected 2008-2012 CIP		3,537,894 3,853,950		4,155,692 7,494,250		3,955,208 3,126,959		4,069,441 2,750,583		4,297,899 3,199,200
Over (under) Funded CIP Compared to Target	\$	316,056	\$	3,338,558	\$	(828,249)	\$	(1,318,858)	\$	(1,098,699)

To summarize, the CIP represents a \$20 million plan to address the capital improvement needs of the Village. In the past, the Village's capital spending has been less than its peers; however the projected CIP represents a proposal that over the five-year planning horizon meets target capital spending levels. Our projections of revenues and expenditures indicate the Village is in a position to fund the CIP as presented with no impact on the Village's current tax rate.

The development of this CIP is only one step in the maintenance and development of Village owned facilities and infrastructure. This CIP provides a guide for decision makers and the citizens. By fully examining alternatives and funding options during the planning process, the Village Council and management are able to make more fully informed decisions and maximize Village resources.

Once the capital improvements plan is prepared or updated on an annual basis, it is presented to the Village Council for their approval. After the CIP is approved, staff will attempt to include funding in the appropriate fiscal year to proceed with the project. The Village Council would then appropriate funds in the annual budget for staff to be able to move forward with a project. Therefore, adoption of the CIP does not constitute a commitment to appropriate the funds, but rather signifies the Council's intent to fund capital at the indicated level during the annual budget process.

We believe the CIP as presented is a solid proposal and recommend its adoption by the Village Council. We would like to thank the Council members and the Senior Leadership Team for their support and assistance in developing the CIP. We look forward to jointly continuing to serve the citizens of the Village of Pinehurst.

Sincerely,

Andrew M. Wilkison Village Manager Natalie E. Dean Assistant Village Manager

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Summary Exhibits Capital Improvement Plan

Exhibit 1 - Total Cost of All CIP Items For Planning Period

		Ī				Fisca	ıl Ye	ar Ending Ju	ne 30	0		
		Total		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
General Government Projects	÷c.											
,	5	025 000		05.000		260,000		200,000		200,000		00.000
Roadway Improvements		835,000		95,000		260,000		200,000		200,000		80,000
Public Services Facility		3,280,700		666,000		2,614,700		-		-		-
Cannon Park Rec Center		2,316,600		602,000		1,714,600		-		-		-
Greenways		1,050,000		150,000		150,000		150,000		300,000		300,000
Rassie Wicker Park		919,000	_	206,000		94,000		330,000		193,000		96,000
Subtotal	\$	8,401,300	\$	1,719,000	\$	4 833 300	\$	680,000	\$	693,000	\$	476,000
Subiolai	Ф	8,401,300	Ф	1,/19,000	Þ	4,833,300	Þ	000,000	Þ	093,000	Þ	4/0,000
Vehicles/Equipment	\$	3,829,300	\$	594,200	\$	1,318,700	\$	681,000	\$	771,900	\$	463,500
Improvements												
Road Resurfacing & Imp	\$	4,931,800	\$	927,000	\$	955,500	\$	985,000	\$	1,015,800	\$	1,048,500
Drainage Projects		1,352,700		100,000		104,000		503,500		112,000		533,200
Old Town Sidewalks		70,000		70,000		-		-		-		-
Recreation		681,000		273,750		222,750		133,250		33,250		18,000
Public Safety		695,000		65,000		-		30,000		-		600,000
Land Acquisition		300,000		60,000		60,000		60,000		60,000		60,000
Other		163,842		45,000		-		54,209		64,633		-
Subtotal	\$	8,194,342	\$	1,540,750	\$	1,342,250	\$	1,765,959	\$	1,285,683	\$	2,259,700
GRAND TOTAL	\$	20,424,942	\$	3,853,950	\$	7,494,250	\$	3,126,959	\$	2,750,583	\$	3,199,200

Exhibit 2
Total Cost of All CIP by Category

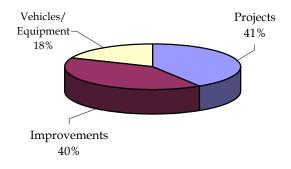


Exhibit 3 - Total Cost of CIP Projects From Inception Through 2012

Project	e-Planning Period roject Cost	Planning Period oject Cost	Total Project Cost
Roadway Improvements	-	835,000	835,000
Public Services Facility	550,000	3,280,700	3,830,700
Cannon Park Rec Center	-	2,316,600	2,316,600
Greenways	395,184	1,050,000	1,445,184
Rassie Wicker Park	1,262,562	919,000	2,181,562
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 2,207,746	\$ 8,401,300	\$ 10,609,046

Exhibit 4 Total Cost of All CIP Projects by Function

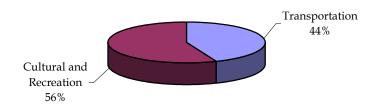


Exhibit 5 - Detail of Total CIP by Function

				Fisca	l Ye	ar Ending Ju	ne 30)	
	Total	2008		2009		2010	2011		2012
General Government	\$ 839,000	\$ 271,000	\$	208,000	\$	120,000	\$	180,000	\$ 60,000
Public Safety	2,408,300	238,200		692,200		251,500		416,900	809,500
Transportation	9,807,500	1,840,000		3,939,200		1,305,000		1,425,800	1,297,500
Economic Development	1,647,042	208,000		129,000		575,209		201,633	533,200
Environmental Protection	586,000	40,000		266,000		230,000		-	50,000
Cultural and Recreation	5,137,100	1,256,750		2,259,850		645,250		526,250	449,000
Total	\$ 20,424,942	\$ 3,853,950	\$	7,494,250	\$	3,126,959	\$	2,750,583	\$ 3,199,200

Exhibit 6 - CIP Cost by Function

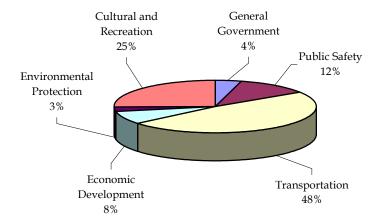


Exhibit 7 - Detail of Total CIP By Funding Source

				Fisc	al Ye	ar Ending Ju	ne 30		
	Total		2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Cash									
Roadway Improvements	\$ 835,000	\$	95,000	\$ 260,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000
Greenways	750,000		150,000	150,000		150,000		150,000	150,000
Rassie Wicker Park	754,000		206,000	94,000		165,000		193,000	96,000
	2,339,000		451,000	504,000		515,000		543,000	326,000
Vehicles/Equipment	3,329,300		594,200	818,700		681,000		771,900	463,500
Improvements	5,944,342	-	1,110,750	902,250		1,315,959		825,683	1,789,700
Subtotal	11,612,642	2	2,155,950	2,224,950		2,511,959		2,140,583	2,579,200
Grant									
Street Resurfacing - PB	2,250,000		430,000	440,000		450,000		460,000	470,000
Rassie Wicker Park	165,000		-	-		165,000		-	-
Greenways	300,000		-	-		-		150,000	150,000
Cannon Park Rec Center	500,000		500,000	-		-		-	-
Subtotal	3,215,000		930,000	440,000		615,000		610,000	620,000
Installment Financing									
Fire Truck - Unit 924	500,000		-	500,000		-		-	-
Public Services Facility	3,280,700	3	3,280,700	-		-		-	-
Cannon Park Rec Center	1,816,600	-	1,816,600	-		-		-	-
Subtotal	5,597,300	į	5,097,300	500,000		-		-	-
Total	\$ 20,424,942	\$ 8	8,183,250	\$ 3,164,950	\$	3,126,959	\$	2,750,583	\$ 3,199,200

Exhibit 8 - Detail of Net Operating Cost (Revenue) by Capital Item

	ļ		Fisca	l Yea	ar Ending Ju	ne 30)	
	Total	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Net Annual Operating Cost								
Public Services Facility	\$ 247,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$	80,000	\$	82,400	\$ 84,872
Cannon Park Rec Center	523,759	-	-		169,452		174,535	179,771
Greenways	54,855	10,227	10,534		11,030		11,361	11,702
Rassie Wicker Park	193,807	36,024	37,714		38,846		40,011	41,211
Subtotal	1,019,693	46,252	48,248		299,328		308,308	317,557
Annual Debt Service	ļ							
Fire Truck	276,500	-	72,500		70,250		68,000	65,750
Public Services Facility	1,370,895	-	356,503		347,317		338,131	328,945
Cannon Park Rec Center	660,395	-	98,702		192,317		187,231	182,144
Subtotal	2,307,790	=	527,705		609,884		593,362	576,839
Net Budget Impact	\$ 3,327,482	\$ 46,252	\$ 575,953	\$	909,212	\$	901,669	\$ 894,396



Public Services Facility

Department Public Services/Fleet Maintenance Departments **Project Cost** \$3,280,700 **Project Priority** Repair or renovation of existing capital assets obsolete or worn out needed to maintain the current level of service provided Χ Eliminates deficiencies in providing a service at the current level of demand Eliminates a public hazard or threat to public safety X Improvements or new capital assets that significantly improve the efficiency of operations New capital assets needed to improve or expand the existing level of X service or provide a new service

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION

The new facility will combine the current Public Services and Fleet Maintenance facilities, located on McCaskill Road, into one complex. The current facilities are in the New Core area, which has been identified for expansion of the Village Center, and do not provide an environment to insure the efficiency and effectiveness of public services and fleet maintenance operations. The site of the new complex is expected to be identified and purchased in 2007. The buildings within the complex are estimated to be a total of approximately 18,000 square feet. It includes an administrative building comprised of offices, a training room, a break room and restrooms. It also includes equipment and supply storage buildings, including bins for salt, dirt, rock, etc., and four double-sided bays for vehicle and equipment maintenance.

					Fiscal Y	ear Ei	nding Ju	ıne 30			
Project Budget	Total	Pri	or Periods	2008	2009	2	2010	2	011	2	2012
Appropriations	\$ 3,830,700	\$	550,000	\$ 666,000	\$ 2,614,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL	\$ 3,830,700	\$	550,000	\$ 666,000	\$ 2,614,700	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Funding Source:											
Cash	\$ 550,000	\$	550,000	\$ -	\$ =	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Installment Financing	3,280,700		-	3,280,700	=		-		-		-
TOTAL	\$ 3,830,700	\$	550,000	\$ 3,280,700	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

					Fiscal Y	ear	Ending Jur	1e 30		
Cash Flow Impact	Total	P	rior Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Debt Proceeds	\$ 3,280,700	\$	-	\$ 3,280,700	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Project Expenditures	3,830,700		550,000	666,000	2,614,700		-		-	-
Operating Expenditures	247,272	:	-	-	=		80,000		82,400	84,872
Debt Service	1,370,895		=	=	356,503		347,317		338,131	328,945
TOTAL	\$ (2,168,167) \$	(550,000)	\$ 2,614,700	\$ (2,971,203)	\$	(427,317)	\$	(420,531)	\$ (413,817)

Roadway Improvements

Department **Engineering Department Project Cost** \$835,000 **Project Priority** Repair or renovation of existing capital assets obsolete or worn out needed to maintain the current level of service provided X New/expanded capital assets that eliminate deficiencies in providing a service at the current level of demand New/expanded capital assets that eliminate a public hazard or threat to X public safety Improvements or new capital assets that significantly improve the <u>X</u> efficiency of operations <u>X</u> New capital assets needed to improve or expand the existing level of service or provide a new service

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION

These projects include intersection improvements at NC5, Barrett and McCaskill roads in FY 2008 and FY 2009; NC2 and Carolina Vista in FY2008; and pedestrian improvements on NC-211 in FY 2010 through FY 2012. The projects will include turn lanes, roundabouts, traffic signals and pedestrian facilities including sidewalks and tunnels under NC211. The population of Pinehurst alone is expected to reach 20,000 people by the year 2020 and traffic on major roads to roughly double by that time. These projects will help mitigate the effects of the traffic growth on these major roads thus improving traffic operations and safety, reduce congestion, as well as provide visual gateways to the Village and more direct linkage to the Village Center. These projects will assist the Village in meeting the goals identified as future transportation needs in the 2003 Comprehensive Long-Range Plan.

						Fiscal Y	ear l	Ending Jun	e 30		
Project Budget		Total	Prior	Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Appropriations		\$ 835,000	\$	-	\$ 95,000	\$ 260,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000
-	TOTAL	\$ 835,000	\$	-	\$ 95,000	\$ 260,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000
Funding Source:											
Cash		\$ 835,000	\$	-	\$ 95,000	\$ 260,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000
-	TOTAL	\$ 835,000	\$	-	\$ 95,000	\$ 260,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000

					Fiscal Y	ear	Ending Jun	e 30)	
Cash Flow Impact	Total	Prior	Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Project Expenditures Operating Expenditures	\$ 835,000	\$	-	\$ 95,000 -	\$ 260,000 -	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 80,000
TOTAL	\$ (835,000)	\$	=	\$ (95,000)	\$ (260,000)	\$	(200,000)	\$	(200,000)	\$ (80,000)

Cannon Park Recreation Center

Department Parks and Recreation Department **Project Cost** \$2,316,600 **Project Priority** X Repair or renovation of existing capital assets obsolete or worn out needed to maintain the current level of service provided Χ Eliminates deficiencies in providing a service at the current level of demand Eliminates a public hazard or threat to public safety X Improvements or new capital assets that significantly improve the efficiency of operations New capital assets needed to improve or expand the existing level of X service or provide a new service

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION

The Cannon Park Gymnasium would be located at the site of the Old Village Hall in Cannon Park. The Gymnasium would include restrooms, a lobby, a full size gymnasium, office space for staff, meeting rooms/multi-purpose room and associated landscaping and parking. The facility will be approximately 13,000 square ft. and will provide the space needed to meet expanding program needs. These needs are for youth and adult athletic leagues, full-day summer day camps, and also to allow for expansion into other programs such as after-school programming and fitness & exercise classes which will improve the quality of life in the Village.

					Fisca	Year l	Ending Ju	ine 30			
Project Budget	Total	Prior Pe	riods	2008	2009	:	2010	2	2011	2	2012
Appropriations TOTAL	\$ 2,316,600 2,316,600	\$	-	\$ 602,000 602,000	\$ 1,714,600 1,714,600	\$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Funding Source: Grants	\$ 500,000	\$	-	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash	-		-	-	-		-		-		-
Installment Financing	1,816,600		-	1,816,600	-		-		-		-
TOTAL	\$ 2,316,600	\$	-	\$ 2,316,600	\$ -	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-

					Fiscal	l Yea	r Ending Jui	1e 30)	
Cash Flow Impact	Total	Prior	Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Debt Proceeds	\$ 1,816,600	\$	-	\$ 1,816,600	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Grant Proceeds	500,000		-	500,000	-		-		-	-
Project Expenditures	2,316,600		-	602,000	1,714,600		-		-	-
Operating Expenditures	523,759		-	-	-		169,452		174,535	179,771
Debt Service	660,395		-	-	98,702		192,317		187,231	182,144
TOTAL	\$ (1,184,153)	\$	1=1	\$ 1,714,600	\$ (1,813,302)	\$	(361,769)	\$	(366,853)	\$ (367,002)

Department		Parks and Recreation Department
Project Cost		\$1,050,000
Project Priority		Repair or renovation of existing capital assets obsolete or worn out needed to maintain the current level of service provided
	<u>X</u>	Eliminates deficiencies in providing a service at the current level of demand
	<u>X</u>	Eliminates a public hazard or threat to public safety
		Improvements or new capital assets that significantly improve the efficiency of operations
	<u>X</u>	New capital assets needed to improve or expand the existing level of service or provide a new service

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION

This project will create approximately 24 miles of pedestrian and non-motorized transportation paths throughout Pinehurst. The paths will be constructed of various materials depending on the terrain in the locations selected for path construction. The creation of greenways will interconnect different parts of Pinehurst and will offer a safe environment for walking, bicycling and other passive recreation and non-motorized transportation. Greenways will also promote a pollutant-free environment by reducing the need for modes of travel dependent on fuel.

						Fiscal `	Year	Ending Jui	1e 30		
Project Budget		Total	Pri	or Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Appropriations		\$ 1,436,598	\$	386,598	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000
	TOTAL	\$ 1,436,598	\$	386,598	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000
Funding Source:											
Grants		\$ 336,108	\$	36,108	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000
Cash		1,100,490		350,490	150,000	150,000		150,000		150,000	150,000
	TOTAL	\$ 1,436,598	\$	386,598	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$	150,000	\$	300,000	\$ 300,000

					Fiscal `	Year	Ending Jun	e 30)	
Cash Flow Impact	Total	Pri	or Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Grant Proceeds	\$ 300,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000
Project Expenditures	1,436,598		386,598	150,000	150,000		150,000		300,000	300,000
Operating Expenditures	83,085		28,230	10,227	10,534		11,030		11,361	11,702
TOTAL	\$ (1,519,683)	\$	(414,828)	\$ (160,227)	\$ (160,534)	\$	(161,030)	\$	(161,361)	\$ (161,702)

Rassie Wicker Park Development

Department Parks and Recreation Department **Project Cost** \$919,000 **Project Priority** Repair or renovation of existing capital assets obsolete or worn out needed to maintain the current level of service provided Eliminates deficiencies in providing a service at the current level of Χ demand Eliminates a public hazard or threat to public safety Improvements or new capital assets that significantly improve the efficiency of operations X New capital assets needed to improve or expand the existing level of service or provide a new service

PROJECT DESCRIPTION/JUSTIFICATION

Rassie Wicker Park is a multi-phase project, beginning in 2004 and continuing through 2012. The remaining project phases include construction of a comfort station and additional parking in FY 2008, tennis courts in FY 2009, additional parking and a spray ground in FY 2010, a shelter, shuffleboard, horseshoe pits, and sand volleyball court in FY 2011 and various trails in FY 2012. Rassie Wicker Park will provide a facility that satisfies the recreational needs of the citizens of and visitors to Pinehurst in one location.

						Fisca	l Yea	r Ending Ju	ne 30	0	
Project Budget		Total	Pr	ior Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Appropriations		\$ 2,181,562	\$	1,262,562	\$ 206,000	\$ 94,000	\$	330,000	\$	193,000	\$ 96,000
	TOTAL	\$ 2,181,562	\$	1,262,562	\$ 206,000	\$ 94,000	\$	330,000	\$	193,000	\$ 96,000
Funding Source	:										
Grants		\$ 389,737	\$	224,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$	165,000	\$	-	\$ -
Cash		1,791,825		1,037,825	206,000	94,000		165,000		193,000	96,000
	TOTAL	\$ 2,181,562	\$	1,262,562	\$ 206,000	\$ 94,000	\$	330,000	\$	193,000	\$ 96,000

					Fiscal	l Yea	r Ending Ju	ne 3	0	
Cash Flow Impact	Total	Pri	or Periods	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
Grant Proceeds	\$ 389,737	\$	224,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$	165,000	\$	-	\$ -
Project Expenditures	2,181,562		1,262,562	206,000	94,000		330,000		193,000	96,000
Operating Expenditures	259,676		65,869	36,024	37,714		38,846		40,011	41,211
TOTAL	\$ (2,051,501)	\$	(1,103,694)	\$ (242,024)	\$ (131,714)	\$	(203,846)	\$	(233,011)	\$ (137,211)